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A NEW SPECIES OF GENTIANA (GENTIANACEAE) FROM NUEVO LEON, MEXICO

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ABSTRACT

A new species of *Gentiana*, *G. hintoniorum* B.L. Turner, from Nuevo León, México, is described and illustrated. It belongs to the sect. *Pneumonanthe* and relates to *Gentiana laevigata*, the latter known only from the Mexican states of Chiapas and Oaxaca.

KEY WORDS: Gentianaceae, Gentiana, México, Nuevo León, systematics

GENTIANA HINTONIORUM B.L. Turner, spec. nov. Figure 1. TYPE: MEXICO. Nuevo León: Mpio. Aramberri, Cerro Viejo, 2435 m, pine-oak forest, 19 Nov 1993, Hinton et al. 23961 (HOLOTYPE: TEX!).

Similis *G. laevigatae* Mart. & Gal. sed tubis calycum fississimis (vice non fissorum) et corollis parvioribus, ca. 2 cm longis (vice 2.5-4.0 cm longis).

Perennial herbs ca. 25 cm high. Stems reddish, minutely hispidulous, the vestiture 0.1 mm high or less. Leaves opposite throughout, gradually reduced upwards. Midstem leaves linear-lanceolate to subfalcate, entire, 2-3 cm long, 0.3-0.4 cm wide, uninervate, pubescent like the stem, especially along the margins and midrib. Flowers arranged in terminal spike-like racemes 3-13 cm long, the pedicels 4-12 mm long. Bracts at base of calyx 2, linear-lanceolate, 6-10 mm long, ca. 0.5 mm wide. Calyces 8-12 mm long, tubes 5-7 mm long with a lateral sinus 3-4 mm deep; lobes 5, linear-lanceolate, 2-4 mm long. Corollas blue, ca. 2 cm long; lobes 5, broadly ovate, apiculate, between these, 1-2 appendages 2-3 mm long. Stamens 5, ca. 18 mm long, glabrous; anthers yellow, ca. 2 mm long, basally attached, or nearly so. Capsules (immature) ca. 18 mm long, glabrous; beak ca. 1.5 mm long; stigmas two, ca. 0.8 mm long, sharply recurved.

This species belongs to the sect. *Pneumonanthe* of *Gentiana* and, except for its deeply cleft calyx, would key to or near G. *laevigata* in Pringle's (1977) treatment of the Mexican species of this section. The latter, so far as known, occurs only in the Mexican states of Chiapas and Oaxaca.



Figure 1. Gentiana hintoniorum B.L. Turner, from holotype.

It is a pleasure to name this apparently localized endemic for the Hinton family, who continue to garner a remarkable array of endemic plants from northeastern México.

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LITERATURE CITED

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